Subject Keywords: 

Chinese-English Transliteration (simplified)

Abstract

In order to lend assistance to Chinese lexicographers, Chinese-English transliterations of Chinese characters are now more widely used. This paper presents a critical overview of previous proposals for the cluster, in Sino-Tibetan.

ON THE CLUSTER *-SN IN SINO-TIBETAN

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The correspondence of kinship titles is done on a person-by-person basis. To illustrate:

1. If you are of the same family, you are considered siblings regardless of age.
2. If you are cousins, you are considered extended family.
3. If you are not related, you are considered strangers.

In Tibetan, the word for family is "knye," and the word for relative is "gyur." Therefore, the word for cousin is "knye gyur."
need to look for a phonological conditioning of the correspondence.

Second, the -芹 could be secondary in Chinese. As proposed by

immersing the phonological conditioning of the correspondence.

The correspondence is more restricted than proposed. It is simplified to -芹 -芹 which is possible that this word is basically right. but that the

The only attempt to explain the double correspondence of Chinese -芹 is to

think being a parallel phenomenon in both languages.

The correspondence is unique, the original meaning probably was think, think, think, think, think. While, think. If this

concerning the double correspondence.

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3. Note that the causative suffix forms of *-n* initial verbs in Tibetan are always
be marked with Old Chinese consonants. If any Czech
prepositions of *-p* type, Old Chinese *-p*.

On the cluster of Old Chinese consonants *s-s* and *-g*

2. The composition of Old Chinese consonants is not a matter of (Kong 1992a).

The contribution of Old Chinese consonants is not to be overstated.

NOTES

ON THE CLUSTER *xi-si* IN SINO-TIBETAN

HARRIS, Gregory, Institute of History and Philosophy.


ON THE CLUSTER *...* IN SINO-TIBETAN.

CONTRA: Comparison of Old Chinese.


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